ENERGY CHANGES AND RATES OF REACTION

Lesson 3 Quiz: Enthalpy Change

1. What is the molar enthalpy change for the following reaction?

 $2 \text{ HBr}(g) + 36 \text{ kJ} \rightarrow \text{H}_2(g) + \text{Br}_2(l)$

- A. +18 kJ/mol HBr
- B. -18 kJ/mol HBr
- C. +36 kJ/mol HBr
- D. -36 kJ/mol HBr
- 2. Which is true for a potential-energy diagram for an endothermic reaction?
 - A. The products are lower than the reactants.
 - B. The products are higher than the reactants.
 - C. The products and reactants are at the same level.
- 3. Nitrogen monoxide decomposes by the following reaction.

 $2 \text{ NO(g)} \rightarrow \text{N}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g})$ $\Delta H_{\text{decomp}} = -90.2 \text{ kJ/mol NO}$

What is the enthalpy change for the decomposition of 22 g of nitrogen monoxide?

- A. -78 kJ
- B. -16 kJ
- C. +39 kJ
- D. -66 kJ
- 4. Methane decomposes by the following reaction.

 $CH_4(g) \to C(s) + 2 H_2(g)$ $\Delta H = +74 \text{ kJ}$

Which is true?

- $\label{eq:A.} A. \ \ The \ decomposition \ of \ methane \ is \ end othermic.$
- B. The decomposition of methane is exothermic.

ANSWERS

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. D
- 4. A